# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

# Report of the Management Board and Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended 31 March 2025

# Registration Particulars:

Financial Conduct Authority

Scottish Housing Regulator

The Scottish Charity Register

Registered Number 2343 R (S)

Registered Number HEP 224

Charity Number SC013988

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

# Contents

Advisers	1
Report of the Management Board	2
Independent Auditor's Report	12
Report by the Auditors on Corporate Governance Matters	15
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	16
Housing Association Statement of Comprehensive Income	17
Consolidated and Housing Association Statement of Financial Position	18
Consolidated and Housing Association Statement of Changes in Reserves	19
Consolidated Statement of Cashflow	20
Housing Association Statement of Cashflow	21
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	22

# **ADVISERS**

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

Registered Office:

Suite 4

Saltire House

3 Whitefriars Crescent

Perth PH2 0PA

Auditors:

RSM UK Audit LLP

Third Floor 2 Semple Street Edinburgh EH3 8BL

Bankers:

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

12 Dunkeld Road

Perth PH1 5RB

Solicitors:

Harper Macleod The Ca'd'oro

45 Gordon Street

Glasgow G1 3PE

Thorntons WS Whitehall House 33 Yeaman Shore

Dundee DD1 4BJ

Internal Auditors:

Henderson Loggie

Unit 8, The Vision Building

20 Greenmarket

Dundee DD1 4QB

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

# The Management Board and Executive Officers

The Members of the Management Board of the Association during the year to 31 March 2025 and up to the date of signing of these Financial Statements were as follows:

Allan Jones

Chair (appointed 20 September 2024)

Derek Robertson

Vice-Chair & Chair of Audit & Risk Management Committee (appointed 20

September 2024)

Tim Goddard

Chair (Resigned 20 September 2024)

Douglas McLaren

Gary Grigor

Casual Vacancy (appointed 25 February 2025)

Katherine Burke Keri-Ann Osfield Murdo MacKay Margaret McLay

Angus MacLeod

(Resigned 11 November 2024)

Anne Culley

Amy Waite

Co-opted (appointed 25 February 2025)

# Key Management Personnel:

Julie Cosgrove

Chief Executive

Tim Calderbank

Director of Customer Services (resigned 30 September 2024)

Lesley Janes

Interim Director of Finance / Company Secretary (resigned 8 November 2024)

Barry Johnstone

Executive Director of People and Governance

Bill Banks

Interim Director of Assets (resigned 31 December 2024)

Gary Savage

Director of Strategy & Innovation (resigned 30 September 2024)

Peter Fotheringham

Executive Director of Finance (appointed 14 October 2024) (resigned 23 June 2025)

Angela Murphy

Interim Executive Director of Finance (appointed 28 July 2025)

Jill Fraser

Executive Director of Operations (appointed 14 October 2024)

# PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Association is to build, improve and manage affordable housing and related amenities for those in need by reason of age, ill-health, disability, financial hardship or other disadvantage.

# THE MANAGEMENT BOARD, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND DIRECTORS

Each member of the Management Board holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. The Chief Executive and other Directors of the Association hold no interest in the Association's share capital, do not have the legal status of Directors, and act within the authority delegated by the Board. The governance arrangements include a Management Board with additional Committees for Audit & Risk Management, Health & Safety and Remuneration, and occasional working groups to progress matters of strategic importance to the Association and the Group. The Association's Rules and policies permit remuneration to be paid to both the Chair and Chair of the Audit & Risk Management Committee. All other members of the Management Board are unpaid.

# RECRUITMENT AND TRAINING OF BOARD MEMBERS

Vacancies on the Management Board are filled from members of the community who have a commitment to the furtherance of social housing and the aims and objectives of the Association. Members are drawn from a wide range of backgrounds and experience to maintain the necessary mix of skills required to govern and control a complex organisation.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

All Board members receive initial induction training and are eligible to attend internal and external training events which not only build on existing experience but provide an opportunity to develop new skills.

# STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT BOARD'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Co-operative and Community Benefits Societies Act 2014 and Registered Social Housing Association legislation requires the Management Board to prepare Financial Statements for each Financial Year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Association and of the income and expenditure of the Association for that period. In preparing those Financial Statements, the Management Board are required to:

- i) select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- ii) make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- iii) state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements; and
- iv) prepare the Financial Statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Management Board is responsible for instituting adequate systems of internal control and for:

- safeguarding assets;
- ii) taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities; and
- iii) the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Association's website.

The Management Board is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and to enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing Scotland Act 2014 and the Registered Social Landlords Determination of Accounting Requirements February 2019.

# STATEMENT ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Management Board acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Group has in place a system of controls that is appropriate to the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- (i) the reliability of financial information used within the Group or for publication;
- (ii) the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- (iii) the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposal.

It is the Management Board's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements of our internal financial control system are described below.

- (i) Formal policies and procedures are in place including the documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authorities which allow the monitoring of controls and which restrict the unauthorised use of the Group's assets.
- (ii) Experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions. The Group has appraisal procedures and training & development programmes in place to maintain standards of performance.
- (iii) Cash flow forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the Board and management to monitor the key financial risks with quarterly management accounts prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up-to-date financial and other information. Significant variances from budgets are investigated as appropriate. Long term financial plans are considered by the Management Board as part of its annual business planning cycle, and further reviewed during each financial year as required.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

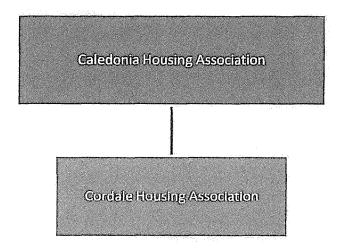
- (iv) All significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal appraisal techniques and authorisation procedures as set out in the scheme of delegated authorities.
- (v) The Audit & Risk Management Committee has the responsibility of reviewing the internal financial and other controls of the Group and reviews reports from management, from the internal auditors and from the external auditors. In addition, the Audit & Risk Management Committee reviews the Group's corporate risk map at each meeting to monitor and mitigate assessed key risks, and to consider emerging new risks.
- (vi) Formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct weaknesses identified from the above reports.

The Management Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control in existence in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2025. No weaknesses were found in internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies, or uncertainties which require disclosure in the Financial Statements or in the auditor's report on the Financial Statements.

# As far as the Board is aware:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the Group's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the Association's auditors are unaware; and
- the Board members have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of the relevant audit information and to establish that the Association's auditors are aware of that information.

# GROUP STRUCTURE



# The Caledonia Group comprises:

# 1. Caledonia Housing Association

A registered social landlord registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefits Societies Act 2014 and a Scottish charity and one of Scotland's leading providers of high quality affordable homes for people in housing need. With more than 5,500 homes owned and managed across Tayside, Fife, West & East Dunbartonshire and the Highlands, it is also one of Scotland's largest Housing Associations.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

# 2. Cordale Housing Association

A registered social landlord and a Scottish charity owning and managing over 500 high quality affordable homes in Renton, West Dunbartonshire for people in housing need. The Association became a wholly owned subsidiary of Caledonia on 1 April 2014.

There have been no changes in the group structure during the financial year.

# REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

### Financial Review

The Caledonia Group ("Caledonia" or the "Group") achieved an operating surplus for the year of £7.2m (2024: £5.8m) in a year where the operating environment remained challenging with inflationary pressures being felt across all areas of expenditure and economic uncertainty continuing for both suppliers and tenants.

The Group's net income from rent and service charges, after allowing for void loss, increased by 6.9% to £32.8m (2024: £30.7m). This is mostly driven by a rent increase of 7.7%, however income levels have also been boosted by the delivery of 29 new build homes during the financial year. Despite the challenges facing the Group's tenants through the Cost of Living crisis, the cost of bad debts relating to rents and service charges in the year have decreased to £232k (2024: £269k).

The Group's turnover from other activities increased to £5.6m (2024: £2.3m) this was mainly due to the additional turnover generated from shared equity sales of £1.6m (2024: £0.2m) in addition to the recognition of £1.7m insurance claims income within other activities. These two items also account for the rise in other activities costs.

Operating costs include expenditure on reactive, cyclical and planned maintenance totalling £6.5m (2024: £5.9m), with an additional spend of £3.0m (2024 £3.9m) being treated as capital expenditure. The level of spend on reactive repairs has continued to be impacted by the high levels of cost inflation being experienced across the sector and increased by 12.4% to £4.3m (2024: £3.8m). The spend on management and administration costs rose to £10.0m (2024: £8.3m). An impairment of £0.3m has been included in operating costs as a result of delays at a development site where incurred costs are anticipated to be in excess of its recoverable value (2024 impairment £1.3m).

The total comprehensive income for the Group was £2.0m (2024: loss of £0.6m). This incorporates an actuarial gain of £0.2m (2024: loss of £0.8m), in respect of the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS). The actuarial gain or loss on the pension scheme is calculated by the pension trustee, and adopts the independent actuary's central assumptions in each reporting period.

At 31 March 2025, the Group's total reserves amounted to £77.0M (2024: £74.9M), an increase of £2.0M (2024: decrease of £0.8M) from 31 March 2024.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

# Going Concern

In spite of the continuing challenges in the operating environment, the Group continues to maintain strong positive cash inflows from its core operating activities and remains in strong financial health. The Association received the second tranche of £25M of sustainable private placement funding in August 2024. The Association is due to receive the third £25m tranche of a sustainable private placement facility in November 2025 and as at 31 March 2025, the Group also had £43.0m (2024: £24.0m) of undrawn revolving credit facilities available to finance the Group's development programme. The Group undertakes at least annual stress testing and scenario planning, to give consideration as to the financial and operating implications for the Group of a range of different scenarios. These scenarios have, most recently, centred around the impacts and implications of sustained higher inflation and interest rates, increased bad debts due to the Cost of Living crisis and delays and slowdown to the projected development programme.

Our business plan projections reflect current political and economic circumstances and incorporate prudent assumptions on levels of rent voids and rent arrears which negatively impact the Group's budgeted income. The Group's expenditure budgets and longer-term investment plans are managed accordingly to ensure the continuing financial strength of the Group and compliance with all lenders' financial covenants. During the year the Caledonia renegotiated its most onerous interest cover lending covenants which has created significant additional headroom. The Management Board is satisfied, on the basis of the stress testing and scenario planning undertaken, that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

# **Treasury Management**

Caledonia has a comprehensive Treasury Management Strategy and Policy in place. The main aim of the strategy is to ensure that the Group has access, at all times, to sufficient funding to meet all of its operational commitments and the capital commitments it enters into in respect of the Group's housing development programme, as well as any required debt refinancing. The policy ensures there are appropriate controls in place to mitigate treasury risk whilst also ensuring cost-effective and efficient access to sources of funding. Key treasury risks are controlled through a set of Treasury Golden Rules which are monitored on a quarterly basis.

At 31 March 2025, the Group had fixed rate debt of £93.2m (2024: £68.9m) and variable rate debt of £25.4m (2024: £48.5m) which were used to fund housing development. At the year end, the Group had £43.0m (2024: £24.0m) undrawn revolving credit facilities in place to finance its ongoing development programme.

The Association secured £75m of funding through a sustainable private placement facility. The first two tranches of £25m each have been received with the third and final tranche to be received in November 2025. These funds have and will be used to finance housing development projects and the refinancing of some existing debt.

# Risk Management

Caledonia has a comprehensive group risk management policy in place which details how corporate risks are identified, assessed in terms of impact and likelihood, and how these risks are controlled and mitigated. The resultant risk map is reviewed in detail by the Audit & Risk Management Committee on a quarterly basis to assess the effective management of risks and to give consideration to changes in the risk environment. The work of this Committee is reported to the Management Board and informs the annual internal audit programme.

The Group Audit & Risk Management Committee has determined that the key risks facing the Group are as set out in the following table.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

Risk	Approach to Mitigation
Failure to comply with	- Health and Safety Advisor co-ordinates health and safety activities across the
Health & Safety	Group
Legislation & Procedures	Group Health and Safety Policy and procedure manuals in place
	- Risk assessments in place for key areas of activity across the Group and
	reviewed on a rolling programme basis
	- All new homes designed and constructed to current Building Standards at the
	time of construction
	Continuous monitoring of changes of legislation and regulation
	Fire Risk Assessment programme in place and carried out on a regular basis by
*	independent consultants
	Resident Health & Safety Compliance statement presented to governing bodies
	twice per annum
Cyber-attack	Detailed cyber security arrangements are in place and subject to ongoing review
Cyber-attack	and enhancement
	Development and ongoing review of ICT strategy
	- Regular reporting on this risk area to the Group's Audit and Risk Management
	Committee
Egilum of Charm's ICT	<ul> <li>Rolling programme of staff training and awareness</li> <li>All data and processing held and carried out at an off-site tier 3 data centre</li> </ul>
Failure of Group's ICT	<ul> <li>All data and processing held and carried out at an off-site tier 3 data centre</li> <li>Fully independent links established between area offices and the data centre</li> </ul>
systems	
	- Comprehensive back-up and system monitoring procedures
	- ICT team supported by third party specialist ICT service providers
	- ICT Strategy implementation supported by specialist ICT consultants
Failure to address the risk	Climate & Sustainability Strategy sets out net zero commitments
of Climate Change and	- Carbon emissions baseline established against which progress is monitored.
Scottish Government	Climate change and energy efficiency is a key focus of Business Plan
mitigation targets within	Dedicated resource in place to drive action plan
the timescale set by the	Planned investment programme incorporates work required to mitigate impact
Scottish Government	
Failure to deliver on	Strategic planning processes and scenario planning
strategy and business plan	Development and monitoring of a suite of KPIs, with regular discussions and
as a result of political,	corrective action planning
economic and social	Business plan implementation tracking via quarterly updates to Board
challenges in our	Economic outlook and forecasts obtained from reputable third parties
operating environment	Environment scanning and appraising the governing body of key
	developments within the sector and economy
Failure to comply with the	Comprehensive staff training on the requirements of the legislation
legal and regulatory	Data Protection Officer services provided by external consultant
requirements relating to	Data held within a tier 3 data centre and subject to high levels of security and
information governance	virus protection
and to effectively manage	Data Protection policies and procedures in place to respond to requests for
information risks	information
	Implementation of Group electronic document management system
	Monitoring of forthcoming legislative changes
Failure of financial &	Comprehensive rent setting policy and procedures
treasury controls	Budget monitoring processes in place
	Detailed sensitivity analysis carried out on long term projections
	Detailed Treasury Management Policy and monitoring of golden rules
	Regular internal audit review of financial controls
Failure to apply the Asset	Asset Management Report prepared for specific projects prior to significant
Management Strategy	investment and re-modelling
	Asset Management Strategy approved by Management Board
	- Planned investment, including any stock re-modelling and works to comply with
	SHNZS, based on analysis of stock condition information, and built into five-
	year budget projections
	<ul> <li>Phased investment programme to maximise investment whilst recognising risks</li> </ul>
	to income in the current environment

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

	Τ-	Communication and engagement with tenants
Poor contractor performance or contractor failure	_	Pre-qualification tender process to assess and evaluate past performance before awarding contracts  All contractual arrangements define scope of work, performance expectations, quality standards, timelines, and penalties for non-compliance  Procurement strategy and manual in place
	-	Contract and supplier relationship management guide in place
Failure to secure cost-effective insurance cover	-	Active liaison with insurance broker and insurers throughout year Implement recommended actions to reduce risk
	-	Staff training on compliance and preventative measures
		Engagement with sector on benchmarking and best practice activities

# Performance

The Group monitors corporate performance in terms of finance, operations, business services and asset management. A range of financial and non-financial ratios and indicators are produced on a quarterly basis which are used to monitor how the organisation is performing and more importantly initiate corrective action in under-performing areas. In addition to this departmental monthly performance indicators are produced for the whole Association and reviewed by the operational management team. The tables below shows the performance of each Association against some key financial performance indicators:

Caledonia Housing Association	Target	2024/25 Actual	2023/24 Actual
<ul> <li>Void Loss</li> <li>Arrears Performance</li> <li>Profitability – Operating surplus</li> <li>Financial Covenant - Interest Cover</li> <li>Financial Covenant – Gearing</li> </ul>	≤ 1.5%	1.0%	0.9%
	≤ 5.5%	5.2%	5.7%
	> 19%	16.7%	15.4%
	> 120%	156.7%	129.2%
	< 30%	25.1%	25.6%
Cordale Housing Association	Target	2024/25 Actual	2023/24 Actual
<ul> <li>Void Loss</li> <li>Arrears Performance</li> <li>Profitability – Operating surplus</li> <li>Financial Covenant - Interest Cover</li> <li>Financial Covenant – Gearing</li> </ul>	≤1.5%	0.7%	1.1%
	≤6%	5.3%	5.6%
	>19%	18.6%	16.2%
	>120%	191.3%	166.7%
	<30%	11.3%	10.2%

The performance tables above demonstrate relatively strong financial performance in what has continued to be an economically challenging year. The operating surplus for Cordale and Caledonia were both just below target levels. There were specific one-off costs for Caledonia in the year for moving offices and restructuring. There continues to be inflationary rises and cost pressures in all arears of the Association particularly in terms of insurance. The governing bodies of Caledonia and Cordale have continued to take a prudent approach to managing the Associations during these uncertain times and this has resulted in strong financial covenant compliance of each Association. Lenders financial covenants are less stringent than the targets set by the governing bodies to allow for an element of headroom.

The Cost of Living crisis has continued to put pressure on household income, however despite this arrears performance has remained consistent with the prior year and are within target. We have continued to work with partner organisations in this area to support tenants in sustaining their tenancies and we have implemented a range of measures aimed at supporting our tenants and customers deal with the challenges they are facing through increasing household costs.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

# **Future Plans**

The Group's strategy incorporates the aims of achieving high standards of performance, continuing to achieve strong customer satisfaction and demonstrating value for money for our tenants. It is underpinned by ensuring that the Group remains a financially strong and resilient organisation that can continue to grow and develop the homes and services we provide. Our people are vitally important to achieving our goals, which is reflected in the importance that we place on investing in people not only to develop their skills, but also to ensure their health and wellbeing.

MISSION	Sustainable homes, flexible services, vibrant communities					
GUIDING PRINCIPLES	Keep It Simple	.Keep it Person	Make lb Right			
VISION		Homes and services that make life better				
	Achieving Excellence	Building Success	Creating Innovation	Developing People		
STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES	We will achieve excellence through our people to deliver quality homes and services that are affordable, sustainable and valued by our customers.	We will make our organisation stronger for the future by ensuring resilience in all areas of our business, creating a strong base for our continued growth.	We will innovate to create efficiencies and deliver value for money through the effective use of our resources.	We will develop the right people with the right skills and mind-set to achieve excellence, build success and create innovation.		

Within this context the Group has identified the following Business Plan Priorities, further details of which can be found in the Group's business plan which is published on our website.

Customer Service Improvement	<ul> <li>Provision of services to a high and consistent standard maximising housing availability, sustaining tenancies and delivering value for money.</li> <li>Meeting customer needs through a programme of consolidation and simplification to drive efficiency and focus service delivery.</li> </ul>
grafication of the state of the	- Continuing to support tenants facing cost of living increases Renewing the tenant engagement strategy to strengthen further the understanding of
	tenant needs Implement short and longer-term changes to the reactive maintenance service to improve performance.
Climate Change / Net	- Implementation of Environmental, Social and Governance reporting framework through the Sustainability Reporting Standard for Social Housing. - Supporting government aims to create a fairer, greener and more prosperous society and
Zero	net zero targets Review the Scottish Housing Net Zero Standard for existing homes, when confirmed by Scottish Government, and development of cost and delivery plans.
	<ul> <li>Developing new homes that actively contribute to net zero and an investment programme for the existing housing stock that focuses on improving the fabric of buildings and energy efficiency.</li> </ul>
	- Develop new affordable energy efficient housing for people in housing need, and help to create vibrant communities and contribute to our net zero aims.
Assets and Development	<ul> <li>Progressing the delivery of the Belismyre regeneration programme.</li> <li>Maximising the investment in our existing homes.</li> </ul>

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

	- Develop the skills and processes required to "best at basics" in building new homes.
Business Improvement	<ul> <li>Undertaking a review of ICT arrangements and ensuring stability of platforms to provide a consistent and high-quality user experience.</li> <li>Investment in development of customer focussed digital services.</li> <li>Managing cost pressures and focus on effective financial planning and management to maintain affordable rents and service charges.</li> <li>Achieving the highest standards of compliance and risk management.</li> </ul>
	- Continuing to focus on a strong and proactive health, safety and wellbeing culture

# Rental Income and Service Charges

Rents and services charges are set at a level to recover current and future costs, whilst ensuring that the Associations continue to achieve moderate growth in reserves each year to ensure future financial viability and resilience. Any proposed increases are subject to tenant consultation, and it is the Group's policy to review rent increases balancing affordability for tenants with the financial sustainability needed to maintain and invest in homes and services. The headline rent increase applied by the Group in the 2024/25 financial year was 7.7% with a 4% rise being applied to 2025/26.

# **Credit Payment Policy**

The Association's policy concerning the payment of its trade creditors complies with the Confederation of British Industry guidelines. The average payment period is 30 days (2024: 30 days).

# Maintenance Policy

The Group's policies encompass reactive, cyclical and planned maintenance. Reactive repairs are carried out by contractors who have been subject to a selection process which examines cost, experience and capacity. Subsequent repairs are then monitored in terms of contractor and Association performance and tenant satisfaction. Planned and cyclical maintenance is carried out in accordance with our life cycle programme modified where necessary by inspection and supplemented by the inclusion of enhancements required by relevant regulatory authorities. The resultant works are normally awarded after formal tendering procedures have been applied in accordance with the Group's Procurement policies and practices which ensure compliance with all relevant legislation.

# Reserves Policies

The Association is committed to generating sufficient reserves to pursue its core objectives and to meet the following requirements.

- keeping rents as affordable as possible;
- maintaining the Association's properties in a good state of repair;
- · financing loan repayments;
- providing a cushion against risk and future uncertainties; and
- establishing new services or developments.

# Revenue Reserves

The Group has determined that it is appropriate to hold revenue reserves equivalent to a minimum of six months recurring turnover to minimise future financial risk. The current level of undesignated revenue reserves is £77.0M following an increase of £2.0m in line with the surplus for the year to 31 March 2025. This meets the target.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

# Caledonia Housing Association Limited

# Human Resources

# Equality and Diversity re Employment

All applicants for employment are given full and fair consideration for all vacancies in accordance with their aptitudes and abilities. We will ensure respect, fairness and understanding and at all times value and embrace diversity and eliminate discrimination.

# Climate change & sustainability

Caledonia recognises that climate change is one of the biggest global challenges and acknowledges the role we have to play in reducing carbon emissions. We have committed to meet the Scottish Government's net zero target by 2045. In support of this, Caledonia has approved a Climate Change Statement and Framework aligned to the UN's Sustainable Development Goals. Our Climate Change Strategy covers all of our business activities and translates the Climate Change Statement and Framework into actions, targets and timescales. A copy of this strategy and our annual report tracking progress against the strategy have been published on our website.

# Employee Involvement and Health & Safety

The Association takes seriously its responsibilities to employees and provides employees with information on matters of concern to them. The Association consults employees or their representatives on a range of issues related to their terms and conditions of employment, including health and safety, so that their views may be taken into account in making decisions likely to affect their interests.

# Auditors

A resolution for the reappointment of RSM UK Audit LLP as auditors of the Association will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting,

By order of the Management Board



26 August 2025

# Independent Auditor's report to the members of Caledonia Housing Association Limited

# Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Caledonia Housing Association Limited (the 'Association') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Housing Association Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated and Housing Association Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated and Housing Association Statement of Changes in Reserves, Consolidated Statement of Cashflow, Housing Association Statement of Cashflow and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and Association's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of the income and expenditure of the Group and the income and expenditure of the Association for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements February 2019.

# Basis for opinion

We have been appointed as auditor under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and report in accordance with regulations made under those Acts.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and the parent Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's or the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Board with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise

# Independent Auditor's report to the members of Caledonia Housing Association Limited

appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper books of account have not been kept by the association in accordance with section 75; or
- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained by the association in accordance with section 75; or
- the income account and the balance sheet are not in agreement with the books of account of the association; or
- we have not obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

# Responsibilities of the Board

As explained more fully in the Board's responsibilities statement on page 3, the Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

# The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The objectives of our audit are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, to perform audit procedures to help identify instances of non-compliance with other laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and to respond appropriately to identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified during the audit.

In relation to fraud, the objectives of our audit are to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud through designing and implementing appropriate responses and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

# Independent Auditor's report to the members of Caledonia Housing Association Limited

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the group audit engagement team:

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the sector, including the legal and regulatory framework that the group and the Association operate in and how the group and the Association are complying with the legal and regulatory framework;
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud;
- discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

As a result of these procedures we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are FRS 102, Housing SORP 2018, the Scottish Housing Regulator's Determination of Accounting Requirements – February 2019 and the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010. We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements which included reviewing financial statement disclosures.

The most significant laws and regulations that have an indirect impact on the financial statements are the Housing (Scotland) Acts 2006 and 2014, the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Data Protection Act 2018, the Scottish Housing Regulator's Regulatory Framework (published 2019) and the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended). We performed audit procedures to inquire of management and those charged with governance whether the Association is in compliance with these law and regulations and inspected correspondence with licensing or regulatory authorities, including a search on publicly available registers for any indications of breaches.

The group audit engagement team identified the risk of management override of controls as the area where the financial statements were most susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included, but were not limited to, testing manual journal entries and other adjustments, evaluating the business rationale in relation to any significant, unusual transactions and transactions entered into outside the normal course of business and challenging judgments and estimates.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members as a body, in accordance with Part 7 of the Co-operative, Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM UK Audit LLP

RSM UK Audit LLP

Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Third Floor
2 Semple Street
Edinburgh
EH3 8BL

Date 10/09/25

RSM UK Audit LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

# Report by the Auditors to the Members of Caledonia Housing Association on Corporate Governance Matters

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on Pages 3 and 4 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards for systemically important RSLs in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

# **Basis of Opinion**

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Financial Reporting Council through enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

# Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on pages 3 and 4 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards for systemically important RSLs within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

RSM UK Audit LLP

# RSM UK AUDIT LLP

Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants Third Floor 2 Semple Street Edinburgh EH3 8BL

Date: 10/09/25

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
Turnover	2	42,773,199	37,183,239
Operating expenditure Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2	(35,299,187) (246,483)	(31,198,484) (221,764)
Operating surplus	2	7,227,529	5,762,991
Gain on sale of investment property		-	5,497
Interest receivable Interest payable and financing costs	8 9	328,254 (5,731,233)	320,390 (5,864,124)
Surplus for the year		1,824,550	224,754
Other Comprehensive Income Actuarial gain / (loss) in respect of pension scheme	28	218,000	(843,000)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		2,042,550	(618,246)

All figures relate to continuing operations.

The accompanying notes on pages 22 to 51 form part of these Financial Statements.

# HOUSING ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
Turnover	2	38,929,887	33,557,801
Operating costs Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2	(32,298,072) (117,517)	(28,176,823) (206,877)
Operating surplus	2	6,514,298	5,174,101
Interest receivable Interest payable	8 9	306,265 (5,351,943)	288,753 (5,468,232)
Surplus / (Loss) for the year		1,468,620	(5,378)
Other Comprehensive Income Actuarial gain / (loss) in respect of pension scheme	28	218,000	(843,000)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		1,686,620	(848,378)

All figures relate to continuing operations.

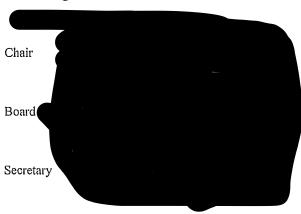
The accompanying notes on pages 22 to 51 form part of these Financial Statements.

# CONSOLIDATED AND HOUSING ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025		2024	
		GROUP £	ASSOCIATION £	$GROUP \ f$	ASSOCIATION £
Fixed assets		•	~	~	ı.
Housing properties	11,12	384,149,391	348,854,344	379,220,560	346,765,384
Other fixed assets	13,14	3,261,145	1,690,527	2,717,643	1,125,929
Investment property	15,16	1,613,456	688,456	1,279,305	354,305
		389,023,992	351,233,327	383,217,508	348,245,618
Current assets					
Stock and work in progress	17	746,125	746,125	3,274,152	3,274,152
Trade and other debtors	18	3,277,268	3,153,508	6,045,619	5,854,788
Cash and cash equivalents		9,596,363	8,187,633	6,290,983	4,662,616
		13,619,756	12,087,266	15,610,754	13,791,556
Current liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	19	(15,679,958)	(13,250,792)	(33,698,661)	(31,898,074)
	,				
Net current liabilities	,	(2,060,202)	(1,163,526)	(18,087,907)	(18,106,518)
Total assets less current					
Liabilities		386,963,790	350,069,801	365,129,601	330,139,100
Creditors: amounts falling due				, , ,	,,
after more than one year	20	(308,646,756)	(279,838,448)	(288,710,071)	(261,449,330)
Defined benefit pension liability	28	(1,345,000)	(1,345,000)	(1,490,000)	(1,490,000)
Net assets		76,972,034	68,886,353	74,929,530	67,199,770
Capital and reserves	23	y min	722	0.0	
Share capital Revenue reserve	23 24	173 76,971,861	133	219	170
IZE ADURE TERETAE	47	70,971,001	68,886,220	74,929,311	67,199,600
	-	76,972,034	68,886,353	74,929,530	67,199,770
	-				

These Financial Statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Management Board on 26 August 2025 and were signed on their behalf:



# CONSOLIDATED AND HOUSING ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

Group		Income and expenditure	
	Share Capital	reserve	Total
	Snare Capital £	£	£
	æ.	x.	<b>3</b> 5
Balance at 1 April 2023	275	75,547,557	75,547,832
Cancelled in the year	13		13
Investment in subsidiary cancelled	(69)	=	(69)
Total Comprehensive income for the year		(618,246)	(618,246)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	219	74,929,311	74,929,530
Issued in the year	4		4
Cancelled in the year	(50)	-	(50)
Total Comprehensive income for the year		2,042,550	2,042,550
Balance at 31 March 2025	173	76,971,861	76,792,034
Association	Share Capital	Income and expenditure reserve	Total £
Balance at 1 April 2023	215	68,047,978	68,048,193
Issued in the year	7	00,047,571.0	7
Cancelled in the year	(52)		(52)
Total Comprehensive income for the year	(32)	(848,378)	(848,378)
Total Comprehensive income for the year		(646,376)	(040,570)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	170	67,199,600	67,199,770
Issued in the year	2	-	2
Cancelled in the year	(39)	-	(39)
Total Comprehensive income for the year	-	1,686,620	1,686,620
Balance at 31 March 2025			

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASHFLOW

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 £	2024 £
Net cash generated from operating activities	26	17,463,770	4,541,008
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sale of investment property Grants received Interest received Cash acquired on business combination		(15,259,640) 324,750 - 4,905,146 328,254	(17,921,931) 193,616 35,496 7,461,022 320,390
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	*	(9,701,490)	(9,911,407)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest paid New secured loans Repayments of borrowings		(5,731,233) 34,860,033 (33,585,700)	(5,864,124) 10,000,000 (2,082,129)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(4,456,900)	2,053,747
NET (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		3,305,380	(3,316,652)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		6,290,983	9,607,635
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	26	9,596,363	6,290,983

# HOUSING ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF CASHFLOW

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 £	2024 £
Net cash generated from operating activities	26	15,560,011	4,253,953
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Grants received Interest received Cash acquired on business combination		(10,984,710) 324,750 3,430,848 306,265	(17,358,121) 143,043 6,816,025 288,753
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(6,922,847)	(10,110,300)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest paid New secured loans Repayments of borrowings		(5,351,943) 33,460,033 (33,220,237)	(5,468,232) 10,000,000 (1,725,764)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(5,112,147)	2,806,004
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		3,525,017	(3,050,343)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,662,616	7,712,959
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	26	8,187,633	4,662,616

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

# 1. Accounting policies

# Legal status

The Association is registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 with the Financial Conduct Authority and is registered with the Scottish Housing Regulator under the Housing (Scotland) Act 2014. Its registered office is in Perth as detailed on page 1.

The Association's principal activities are to build, improve and manage affordable housing and related amenities for those in need by reason of age, ill-health, disability, financial hardship or other disadvantage.

Caledonia Housing Association Limited is a Public Benefit Entity.

# Basis of preparation

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), the Housing SORP 2018 "Statement of Recommended Practice for Registered Housing Providers" and they comply with the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019, and under the historical cost convention.

The Financial Statements are prepared in Sterling (£) and rounded to the nearest whole pound unless where otherwise stated.

# Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Preparation of the Financial Statements requires management to make critical judgements and estimates concerning the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, advice from qualified experts and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are included below.

- Useful lives of housing property- management reviews its estimates of the life cycles of the building components at each reporting date and depreciates accordingly (see Depreciation of housing properties)
- The measurement of the recoverable amount of assets for impairment reviews management assesses whether an impairment indicator exists at each reporting date. If such an indicator exists, management performs an impairment assessment and estimates the recoverable amount of the asset (see Impairment of fixed assets)
- Recoverable amount of rent arrears and other debtors judgements have been made over the recoverability of rent arrears and other debtors based on experience and in accordance with the Group's Provisions policy (see Financial instruments below)
- Government grants management has judged Government grants to be associated with housing properties and have been recognised in income over the life of the individual building components (excluding land) on a pro-rata basis (see Government grants)
- Valuation of investment property investment property is required to be held at market value therefore judgement is made using advice from independent valuers (see Investment property)
- Defined benefit pension obligation judgements have been made in determining the Association's share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the SHAPS defined benefit scheme, the valuations prepared by the Scheme actuaries includes estimations in relation to life expectancy, salary growth, inflation and the discount rate on corporate bonds (see Pensions)

# Basis of consolidation

The Group Financial Statements consolidate the results of Caledonia Housing Association Limited and Cordale Housing Association Limited using the acquisition method. Both Associations are registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and are registered with the Scottish Housing Regulator. Whilst the Associations adopt consistent policies on the depreciation of housing properties, each Association determines and applies different expected economic useful lives in its depreciation charges.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

Going concern

The Association's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out within the Review of Business and Future Developments and Financial Review. The Review of Business and Future Developments and Financial Review also includes a review of the financial position of the Association, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities. It also reports on the Association's response and resilience in respect of the current economic challenges.

The Association's financial projections demonstrate that the Association has sufficient financial resources to ensure that it meets its commitments in the short, medium and longer term. Therefore, the Management Board believes that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future which is defined as 12 months after the date of these financial statements. For this reason, the going concern basis has been adopted in these Financial Statements.

### **Business combination**

Assets and liabilities acquired through a business combination are recognised at fair value. Combinations which are for £nil consideration are treated as a public benefit entity combination that is in substance a gift with any excess of fair value of the assets received over the fair value of the liabilities acquired being recognised as income within the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Government grants

Government grants include grants receivable from the Scottish Government, local authorities and other government bodies. Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

Government grants received for housing properties are recognised in income over the useful economic life of the structure of the asset and, where applicable, the individual components of the structure (excluding land) on a pro-rata basis under the accruals model.

On disposal of an asset for which government grant was received, if there is no obligation to repay the grant, then any unamortised grant remaining is derecognised as a liability and recognised as income. Where there is a requirement to repay a grant, a liability is included in the Statement of Financial Position to recognise this obligation.

Other grants

Grants received from non-government sources are recognised using the performance model. Grants are recognised as income when the associated performance conditions are met.

Turnover & revenue recognition

Turnover represents rents, service charges and revenue grants receivable in respect of tenanted properties, amounts receivable from the sale of housing accommodation and amounts invoiced in respect of the provision of services.

Rental income is recognised from the point when properties under development reach practical completion or otherwise become available for letting, net of any voids on a receivables basis.

Grant income is recognised when any associated performance conditions have been met.

# Fixed Assets - housing land and buildings

Housing properties are properties for the provision of social housing or to otherwise provide social benefit and are principally properties available for rent and shared ownership.

Completed housing and shared ownership properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Works to existing properties will generally be capitalised under the following circumstances:

(i) Where a component of the housing property that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes and depreciated over its useful economic life is replaced or restored; or

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

(ii) Where the subsequent expenditure provides an enhancement of the economic benefits of the tangible fixed assets in excess of the previously assessed standard of performance. Such enhancement can occur if the improvements result in an increase in rental income, a material reduction in future maintenance costs or a significant extension of the life of the property.

Works to existing properties which fail to meet the above criteria are charged to the Income and Expenditure account.

The major components are deemed to be Land, Structure, Roofs, Windows, Kitchens, Bathrooms, Lifts, Warden Call/Fire Alarm and Central Heating. Each component has a substantially different economic life and is depreciated over this individual life. Depreciation rates are shown on page 25.

# Capitalised development overheads and borrowing costs

Costs which are directly attributable to bringing housing properties into working condition are included in housing properties cost. Directly attributable costs include direct labour cost of the Association and incremental costs which would have been avoided only if the property had not been constructed or acquired. All other development costs are written off to the Income and Expenditure Account in the period in which it occurs.

Interest charges incurred on the financing of housing properties are capitalised up to the date of practical completion and then amortised thereafter over the remaining loan term. Interest charges arising after that date are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account.

# Impairment of fixed assets

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset (including housing properties) may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist, the RSL estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use of the asset based on its service potential, are recognised as impairment losses in the income and expenditure account.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in income and expenditure. On reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount (less any residual value) over its remaining useful life.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

# Sales of housing properties

Properties are disposed of under the appropriate legislation and guidance. All costs, first tranche sales, and grants relating to the share of property sold are removed from the Financial Statements at the date of sale. Any grants received that cannot be repaid from the proceeds of sale are abated and the grants removed from the Financial Statements.

# Depreciation of housing properties

Depreciation is charged by each Association on a straight-line basis over the expected economic useful lives of each major component that makes up the housing property. Whilst each Association has a consistent policy on depreciating each of the identified components, the Associations have determined different expected economic useful lives as detailed below:

	Caledonia HA	Cordale HA
Land	Not depreciated	Not depreciated
Structure	75 years	50 years
Roof	65 years	50 years
Windows & Doors	35 years	25 years
Central Heating Systems	35 years	20 years
Kitchen	20 years	15 years
Bathroom	30 years	30 years
Central Heating- Individual Boilers	20 years	Not applicable
Central Heating- Common Plant	30 years	Not applicable
Lifts	20 years	Not applicable
Warden Call/ Fire Alarm	20 years	Not applicable
Lighting	Not applicable	15 years

# Depreciation of other fixed assets

Other fixed assets are capitalised in the year of purchase and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Scheme plant and equipment is depreciated at 10% per annum on cost.

Office Furniture and Equipment is depreciated at 10% per annum on cost, with the exception of computer equipment which is depreciated at 33.3% per annum on cost, and photocopiers which are depreciated at 20% per annum.

Motor Vehicles are depreciated at 25% per annum on cost.

Office Premises are depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected remaining useful life. It is assumed to have an estimated useful life of 75 years. The Association has carried out the necessary impairment review to ensure properties are not shown at an amount exceeding their recoverable amount.

A full year's depreciation is charged on these assets in the year of purchase, but no charge is made in the year of disposal.

# Investment property

Investment properties consist of commercial properties and properties not held for social benefit. These properties are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at fair value whilst a reliable measure of fair value is available. Changes in fair value are recognised in income and expenditure.

In accordance with FRS 102, (i) it is the Group's policy that investment properties are revalued annually by persons holding a recognised professional qualification and at least every five years by an external valuer; and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve, and (ii) no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash in hand and deposits repayable on demand less overdrafts repayable on demand. Liquid resources are current asset investments that are disposable without curtailing or disrupting the business and are readily convertible into known amounts of cash at or close to their carrying value.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

# Housing loans

Mortgage loans on housing land and properties are advanced under the terms of individual mortgage deeds in respect of each property or housing scheme. Advances are available only in respect of these developments that have been given approval for Housing Association Grant by Scottish Housing Regulator. Mortgage loans in the balance sheet include amounts due but not received.

# Revenue Reserves

The Association has determined that it is appropriate to hold revenue reserves equivalent to a minimum of six months turnover net of LIFT property sales to minimise future financial risk.

# Operating lease commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis,

### VAT

Whilst being VAT Registered, most of the Association's income is exempt for VAT purposes. Expenditure is therefore shown inclusive of VAT.

# Shared ownership

Proceeds from, and cost of sales of, first tranche disposals of shared ownership properties are accounted for in the Income and Expenditure account of the period in which the disposal occurred. The balance of the costs of shared ownership properties are recorded within fixed assets and subsequent disposals are accounted for through the disposal of fixed assets.

# Stock and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Shared Equity units in progress and Developments in Progress for other Associations are included in WIP at cost, net of any related HAG. Income received from the sale of Shared Equity units is included within turnover and expenses are included as Cost of Sales to reflect the level of activity undertaken.

# **Employee benefits**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

Employees are entitled to carry forward up to 5 days of any unused holiday entitlement at the reporting date. The cost of any unused entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

The best estimate of the expenditure required to settle an obligation for termination benefits is recognised immediately as an expense when Caledonia is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

# Financial instruments

The Association has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Association becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Association currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# Financial assets

# Debtors

Debtors which are receivable within one year and which do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

Where the arrangement with a trade or other debtor constitutes a financing transaction, the debtor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

A provision for impairment of debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in income and expenditure for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in income and expenditure.

# Financial liabilities

# Trade creditors

Trade creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Where the arrangement with a trade creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the creditor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar instrument.

# Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

Commitments to receive a loan are measured at cost less impairment.

### Provisions

Provisions are recognised when Caledonia has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and that obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

# Pensions

Obligations under a defined benefit pension scheme

The Association participates in a funded multi-employer defined benefit scheme, the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS). The Association is able to identify its share of the scheme assets and scheme liabilities and therefore applies full defined benefit accounting for this scheme under FRS 102 Section 28. The scheme assets are measured at fair value. Scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and are discounted at appropriate high-quality corporate bond rates. Past service costs are recognised in the current reporting period within the income and expenditure account. Interest is calculated on the net defined benefit liability. Remeasurements are reported in other comprehensive income.

Management's estimate of the defined benefit obligation is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the liability and the annual defined benefit expenses. Full details of the accounting treatment of the Association and Group's interest in the SHAPS defined benefit scheme, including information on critical assumptions, is set out in note 29.

# Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to income and expenditure is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

# 2. Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus for the financial period by class of business

Group:	Turnover £	Operating costs	Loss on sale of Fixed Assets £	Operating surplus 2025	Operating surplus 2024 £
Social lettings (note 3a) Other activities (note 4a)	37,208,935 5,564,264	(29,811,893) (5,487,294)	- - - 	7,397,042 76,970	5,909,452 75,303
Loss on sale of fixed assets	<u> </u>	10.	(246,483)	(246,483)	(221,764)
Total - 2025	42,773,199	(35,299,187)	(246,483)	7,227,529	5,762,991
Total – 2024	37,183,239	(31,198,484)	(221,764)	5,762,991	
Housing Association:	Turnover £	Operating costs	Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	Operating surplus 2025	Operating surplus 2024 £
Social lettings (note 3b)	33,525,508	(26,910,359)	<u>.</u>	6,615,149	5,361,998
Other activities (note 4b)	5,404,379	(5,387,713)	-	16,666	18,980
Loss on sale of fixed assets		***	(117,517)	(117,517)	(206,877)
Total - 2025	38,929,887	(32,298,072)	(117,517)	6,514,298	5,174,101
Total – 2024	33,557,801	(28,176,823)	(206,877)	5,174,101	

# CALEDONIA HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

# 3a. Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus from social letting activities

Group	General Needs Housing £	Supported Social Housing £	Shared Ownership Housing £	Total 2025 £	Total 2024 £
Rent receivable net of service charges Service charges	23,991,975 1,728,430	3,481,028 2,590,397	984,158 337,274	28,457,161 4,656,101	26,305,824 4,677,107
Gross income from rents and service charges	25,720,405	6,071,425	1,321,432	33,113,262	30,982,931
Less Voids	(187,008)	(89,768)		(276,776)	(267,281)
Net income from rents and service charges Grants released from deferred income Other revenue grants	25,533,397 3,712,628	5,981,657 523,546 -	1,321,432 136,275 -	32,836,486 4,372,449 -	30,715,650 4,104,458 16,257
Total turnover from social letting activities	29,246,025	6,505,203	1,457,707	37,208,935	34,836,365
Management and maintenance administration costs Service costs Planned and cyclical maintenance	7,867,651 1,261,719	1,717,813 3,135,404	400,803 266,396	9,986,267 4,663,519	8,336,581 5,020,974
including major repairs costs  Reactive maintenance costs  Bad debts - rents & service charges  Bad debts - rechargeable repairs	1,905,042 3,593,223 211,972 3,622	280,130 668,700 9,347	8,256 5,552 10,267	2,193,428 4,267,475 231,586 3,622	2,139,540 3,798,072 269,079 41,840
Depreciation of affordable let properties Impairment of affordable let properties	6,939,354 267,823	993,200	265,619 -	8,198,173 267,823	8,061,453 1,259,374
Operating costs for affordable letting activities	22,050,406	6,804,594	956,893	29,811,893	28,926,913
Operating surplus / (deficit) for affordable letting activities	7,195,619	(299,391)	500,814	7,397,042	5,909,452
Operating surplus for affordable letting activities for previous accounting period	5,556,053	(49,588)	402,987	5,909,452	

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

# 3b. Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus from social letting activities (continued)

Association	General Needs Housing £	Supported Social Housing £	Shared Ownership Housing £	Total 2025	Total 2024 £
Rent receivable net of service charges Service charges Gross income from rents and	21,749,461 1,701,590	3,252,323 2,362,795	962,996 337,274	25,964,780 4,401,659	23,991,313 4,390,308
service charges	23,451,051	5,615,118	1,300,270	30,366,439	28,381,621
Less Voids	(176,047)	(81,498)		(257,545)	(238,330)
Net income from rents and service charges Grants released from deferred income Other revenue grants	23,275,004 2,861,935	5,533,620 427,962	1,300,270 126,717	30,108,894 3,416,614 -	28,143,291 3,145,473 16,257
Total turnover from social letting activities	26,136,939	5,961,582	1,426,987	33,525,508	31,305,021
Management and maintenance administration costs Service costs Planned and cyclical maintenance including major repairs costs	7,204,733 1,237,850 1,684,886	1,643,329 2,919,092	393,354 266,396 8,256	9,241,416 4,423,338 1,925,151	7,584,940 4,726,728 1,919,646
Reactive maintenance costs Bad debts Depreciation of affordable letting	3,208,870 207,526	666,376 7,075	5,552 10,267	3,880,798 224,868	3,409,482 245,812
properties Impairment of affordable letting properties	5,819,142 267,823	870,170	257,653 -	6,946,965 267,823	6,797,041 1,259,374
Operating costs for affordable letting activities	19,630,830	6,338,051	941,478	26,910,359	25,943,023
Operating surplus / (deficit) for affordable letting activities	6,506,109	(376,469)	485,509	6,615,149	5,361,998
Operating surplus / (deficit) for affordable letting activities for previous accounting period	5,087,785	(115,770)	389,983	5,361,998	

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2025

4a. Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus/(deficit) from other activities

Operating (deficit) / surplus 2024	14,839 22,710 (43,596)	(15,084) 59,375	(3,745) 3,150 (16,950) 43,800 7,212 3,790	75,303
Operating (deficit) / surplus 2025	24,525 1,075 (16,675)	(2,626) 59,375	(4,304) (22,693) 43,800 4,772 (10,279)	76,970
Operating costs other £	(230,727) (1,344,637) (237,184)	(150,662)	(53,995) (33,218) (42,940) (1,796,956)	(1,596,975) (5,487,294) (2,271,571)
Operating costs bad debts	ı i i	ι 1		1 1 1
Total turnover £	255,252 1,345,712 220,509	148,036 59,375	49,691 10,525 43,800 47,712 1,786,677	1,596,975 5,564,264 2,346,874
Other Income £	255,252	59,375	49,691 10,525 43,800 47,712 1,786,677	1,596,975 3,850,007 676,298
Supporting Income		148,036		148,036
Grants from Scottish Ministers	1,345,712 220,509	<b></b>		1,566,221
Group:	Factoring Care and repair property Stage 3 Adaptations	Support activities Commercial rents Tenant portionation	HOPE Community Anchor Income from Office Lease Agency management services Other Activities	Shared equity sales  Total from other activities  Total from other activities – 2024

Included within other activities total turnover is insurance claims income totalling £1,652,448 (2024 - £0). Similarly, within other activities operating costs are insurance claims costs totally £1,650,268 (2024 - £0).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2025

4b. Particulars of turnover, operating costs and operating surplus/(deficit) from other activities

Association:	Grants from Scottish Ministers	Supporting Income £	Other Income	Total turnover £	Operating costs bad debts	Operating costs	Operating (deficit) / surplus 2025	Operating (deficit) / surplus 2024
Factoring Care and repair property Stage 3 Adaptations Support activities HOPE Community Anchor Income from Office Lease Agency management services Other Activities Shared equity sales	1,345,712 210,300 - - -	148,036	245,252 - - 49,691 10,525 43,800 47,712 1,706,376 1,596,975	245,252 1,345,712 210,300 148,036 49,691 10,525 43,800 47,712 1,706,376 1,596,975		(220,727) (1,344,637) (227,904) (150,662) (53,995) (33,218) (42,940) (1,716,655) (1,596,975)	24,525 1,075 (17,604) (2,626) (4,304) (22,693) 43,800 4,772	14,839 22,710 (44,487) (15,084) 3,150 (16,950) 43,800 7,212 3,790
Total from other activities Total from other activities – 2024	1,556,012	148,036	3,700,331 607,204	5,404,379	1	(5,387,713)	16,666	18,980

Included within other activities total turnover is insurance claims income totalling £1,572,147 (2024 - £0). Similarly, within other activities operating costs are insurance claims costs totally £1,569,967 (2024 - £0).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

# 5. Number of units in Management at the year end

a)	Housing stock (group)	2025 No.	2024 No.
	General needs	5,645	5,612
	Shared ownership	374	378
	Supported housing	40	40
	oupported notising	6,059	6,030
b)	Investment properties (Group)		0,000
υ,	Office	2	1
	Other	2 2	2
	Total	4	3
c)	Housing stock (Association)		
	New build	5,179	5,146
	Shared ownership	365	369
	Total	5,544	5,515
d)	Investment properties (Association)		
u)	Office	2	1
	Total		1

# 6. Key Management Personnel (Group and Association)

Key management personnel are defined as the Chief Executive and any other senior staff reporting directly to the Chief Executive.

The number of key management personnel who received emoluments (excluding employers' pension contributions) in excess of £60,000 during the reporting period fell within the following bands:

	No.	No.
£60,000 - £70,000	1	1
£70,001 - £80,000	2	-
£80,001 - £90,000	1	-
£90,001 - £100,000	-	3
£100,001 - £110,000	•	1
£110,001 - £120,000	-	-
£120,001 - £130,000	-	1
£130,001 - £140,000	1	•
•	2025	2024
	£	£
Aggregate emoluments for the above key management personnel (excluding pension contributions)	454,270	578,410
Aggregate pension contributions in relation to the above key management personnel	40,278	64,184
The emoluments of the Chief Executive (excluding pension contributions)	136,825	123,764
Aggregate pension contributions made on behalf of the Chief Executive	15,399	14,210

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 31 March 2025

# 6. Key Management Personnel (Group and Association) - continued

In line with the Association's Rules and policies, payments of £14,542 (2024: £3,598) and £2,338 (2024: £2,830) were made to the Chair of the Management Board and Chair of the Audit & Risk Management Committee during the year. The Chair of the Management Board was replaced in September 2024, hence payments under this title are amalgamated in this note. No payment or fees or other remuneration was made to any other Management Board members during the year.

The number of Governing Body members who received emoluments during the reporting period fell within the following bands:

	No.	No.
£0 - £5,000	1	2
£5,000 - £10,000	2	-

# 7. Employees

All group staff are employed by Caledonia Housing Association. The average monthly number of full time equivalent including key management personnel persons employed (excluding board members) in the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

Group and Association	Number of en	nployees
	2025	2024
Office, administrative and management	112	108
Development	6	6
Housing Support and Care	42	47
	160	161
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:	2025 £	2024 £
Wages and salaries	6,432,215	5,993,419
Social security costs	679,448	602,579
Other pension costs	592,611	555,616
Temporary staffing	60,392	128,670
	7,764,666	7,280,284

In addition to the above redundancy payments were made to former key management totalling £131,135 (£43,136).

8.	Interest receivable	2025 Group £	2025 Association £	2024 Group £	2024 Association £
	Bank and Building Society interest	328,254	306,265	320,390	288,753
		328,254	306,265	320,390	288,753

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

9.	Interest payable and financing costs	2025 Group £	2025 Association £	2024 Group £	2024 Association £
	Interest arising on:				
	Social Housing debt	6,013,408	5,626,067	6,001,201	5,605,309
	Shared Ownership bank loans	273,621	273,621	272,611	272,611
	Defined benefit pension charge (Note 28)	73,000	73,000	30,000	30,000
		6,360,029	5,972,688	6,303,812	5,907,920
	Less: interest capitalised on housing properties				
	under construction	(628,796)	(620,745)	(439,688)	(439,688)
	_	5,731,233	5,351,943	5,864,124	5,468,232

### 10. Taxation

### Group

The Associations both have charitable status for taxation purposes and all income falls within the charitable exemptions.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

### 11. Tangible fixed assets - housing properties (Group)

rangible fixed assets - housing properties (O	roup)		Completed	
	Held for letting £	Under Construction £	Shared Ownership	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2024	464,358,773	22,262,807	16,663,847	503,285,427
Works to existing properties	2,976,078	-	-	2,976,078
Additions	-	11,400,532	-	11,400,532
Disposals	(1,521,447)	-	(148, 152)	(1,669,599)
Transfers	7,484,210	(7,484,210)	-	
Transfer to investment properties (note 15)	(334,151)	-	-	(334,151)
Transfer to other fixed assets (note 13)	(48,234)		<del></del>	(48,234)
At 31 March 2025	472,915,229	26,179,129	16,515,695	515,610,053
Depreciation and impairment				
At 1 April 2024	117,877,400	837,072	5,350,395	124,064,867
Provided during year	7,932,554	· <u>-</u>	265,619	8,198,173
Eliminated on disposals	(996,859)	-	(54,121)	(1,050,980)
Impairment charge	-	267,823	-	267,823
Transfer to other fixed assets (note 13)	(19,221)	-	<del>-</del>	(19,221)
At 31 March 2025	124,793,874	1,104,895	5,561,893	131,460,662
Net hook value				
At 31 March 2025	348,121,355	25,074,234	10,953,802	384,149,391
At 31 March 2023 At 31 March 2024			11,313,452	379,220,560
At 51 Iviaicii 2024	346,481,373	21,425,735	11,313,432	379,220,200

Additions to housing properties included capitalised development administration costs of £836,219 (2024: £862,303) of which development allowances of £nil (2024: £nil) were received in respect of these costs and capitalised. Additions in the year also include an amount of capitalised interest of £628,796 (2024: £439,688). Interest is capitalised at a rate of 5.4% (2024: 5.5%).

Major repairs in the year amounted to £3,485,106 (2024: £4,755,299). Of the total £2,966,695 (2024 £3,917,385) was capitalised and related to replacement of components with enhancements of £9,383 (2024: £26,818). The remaining £509,028 (2024: £837,914) was charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

In the prior year the Association had experienced difficulties with one of its developments whereby the capitalised development costs exceeded the recoverable amount by £1,259,374. This development has yet to restart. Additional costs have been incurred pertaining to this development. In addition to this a further development has incurred costs above its recoverable value due to the project being at a standstill. The board have therefore considered it appropriate to allow for further impairment totalling £267,823 which has been recognised in operating costs.

The total cost of land included above is £59,487,897 (2024: £58,294,439).

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

### 12. Tangible fixed assets - housing properties (Association)

Taugible fixed assets - nousing properti	es (Association)			
	Held for letting £	Under Construction £	Completed Shared Ownership £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2024	398,577,850	21,500,762	16,151,752	436,230,364
Works to existing properties	2,522,052	-	-	2,522,052
Additions	-	7,590,021		7,590,021
Disposals	(975,551)	÷	(148,152)	(1,123,703)
Transfers to complete	7,484,210	(7,484,210)	-	
Transfer to investment properties (note16)	(334,151)	•	-	(334,151)
Transfers to other fixed assets (note 14)	(48,234)	-	<del>-</del>	(48,234)
At 31 March 2025	407,226,176	21,606,573	16,003,600	444,836,349
Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2024	83,502,878	837,072	5,125,030	89,464,980
Provided during year	6,689,312	<b>*</b>	257,653	6,946,965
Eliminated on disposals	(624,421)	_	(54,121)	(678,542)
Impairment charge		267,823	-	267,823
Transfer to other fixed assets (note 14)	(19,221)	-	-	(19,221)
			****	
At 31 March 2025	89,548,548	1,104,895	5,328,562	95,982,005
Net book value				
At 31 March 2025	317,677,628	20,501,678	10,675,038	348,854,344
At 31 March 2024	315,074,972	20,663,690	11,026,722	346,765,384

Additions to housing properties included capitalised development administration costs of £764,806 (2024: £855,002) of which development allowances of £nil (2024: £nil) were received in respect of these costs and capitalised. Additions in the year also include an amount of capitalised interest of £620,745 (2024: £439,688). Interest is capitalised at a rate of 5.4% (2024: 5.5%).

Major repairs in the year amounted to £2,929,459 (2024: £4,373,868). Of the total £2,522,052 (2024: £3,615,572) was capitalised and related to replacement of components. The remaining £407,407 (2024: £758,296) was charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

In the prior year the Association had experienced difficulties with one of its developments whereby the capitalised development costs exceeded the recoverable amount by £1,259,374. This development has yet to restart. Additional costs have been incurred pertaining to this development. In addition to this a further development has incurred costs above its recoverable value due to the project being at a standstill. The board have therefore considered it appropriate to allow for further impairment totalling £267,823 which has been recognised in operating costs.

The total cost of land included above is £55,108,939 (2024: £53,915,481).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

Tangible fixed assets - other (Group)

13.

(dans) some maser may remain							
	Office Furniture and Equipment	Scheme Plant and Equipment	Office Accommodation £	Leasehold Property	Motor Vehicles	Total £	
Cost/Revaluation At 1 April 2024 Transfer from housing properties Additions Disposals	1,019,538 - 75,504	1,539,515	2,444,866 29,013	260,869	92,178	5,356,966 29,013 883,030 (20,981)	
At 31 March 2025	1,095,042	1,981,318	2,473,879	626,592	71,197	6,248,028	
Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2024 Provided during year Eliminated on disposals	893,923 96,563	819,035 174,935	753,923 30,152	80,264 66,891	92,178 - (20,981)	2,639,323 368,541 (20,981)	
At 31 March 2025	990,486	993,970	784,075	147,155	71,197	2,986,883	
<i>Net book value</i> At 31 March 2025 At 31 March 2024	104,556	987,348	1,689,804	479,437	P 1	3,261,145 2,717,643	

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

Total £	3,091,972 29,013 872,637 (20,981)	3,972,641	1,966,043 337,052 (20,981)	2,282,114	1,690,527
Motor Vehicles	92,178	71,197	92,178 - (20,981)	71,197	1 1
Commercial Property	47,579	47,579	1,292 323	1,615	45,964
Leasehold Properties	191,312 365,723	557.035	58,286 66,891 -	125,177	431,858
Office Accommodation £	579,082 29,013	608,095	477,981	478,881	129,214
Scheme Plant and Equipment	1,539,515	1,981,318	819,035	993,970	987,348
Office Furniture and Equipment	642,306	707,417	517,271 94,003	611,274	96,143
Tangible fixed assets – other (Association)	Cost At 1 April 2024 Transfers from housing properties Additions Disposals	At 31 March 2025	Deprectation and impairment At 1 April 2024 Provided during year Eliminated on disposals	At 31 March 2025	<i>Net book value</i> At 31 March 2025 At 31 March 2024
14.					

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

15.	Investment properties (Group)	2025 £	2024 £	
	At 1 April 2024 Transfers from housing propeties	1,279,305 334,151	1,279,305 -	
	At 31 March 2025	1,613,456	1,279,305	

Investment property at Scott Street, which is freehold, was valued at £340,000 on an open market existing use basis at 31 March 2024 by Graham & Sibbald. The reduction in the carrying value of £14,305 has not been reflected in the accounts on the ground of materiality and the property continues to be held at a value of £354,305. The property at Wellbank House was transferred from housing properties in the year. The Management Board view that the net book value transferred of £334,151 equates to the property's fair value and thus no revaluation has taken place in the year.

Cordale Housing Association owned two investment properties: An Integrated Healthy Living Centre; a pharmacy and a community hall. The Integrated Healthy Living Centre and the pharmacy were valued in July 2022 at £750,000 and £175,000 respectively on an open market basis by Jones Lang LaSalle Limited. The valuations of these properties are unchanged since their previous valuation in 2019 and continue to be held at that value Statement of Comprehensive Income. The board and EMT feel this is still a fair reflection of the valuations of the properties.

The Management Board do not believe there has been any material change in the value of these properties in the period to 31 March 2025. No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

2025 £	2024 £
354,305	354,305
334,151 688,456	354,305
	£ 354,305

The investment property in the Association is the property at Scott Street and Wellbank House, noted above in note 15.

17.	Stock and work in progress	2025 Group £	2025 Association £	2024 Group £	2024 Association £
	Open Market Shared Equity properties				
	As at 1 April 2024	3,274,152	3,274,152	1,618,548	1,618,548
	Additions	91,973	91,973	2,005,604	2,005,604
	Sales	(2,620,000)	(2,620,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)
	At 31 March 2025	746,125	746,125	3,274,152	3,274,152

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

18.	Debtors	2025 Group £	2025 Association £	2024 Group £	2024 Association £
	Due < 1 Year				
	Rent and service charges receivable Less: bad debt provision	1,430,779 (916,364) 514,415	1,289,084 (837,576) 451,508	1,965,912 (1,256,514) 709,398	1,786,757 (1,157,138) 629,619
	Prepayments and accrued income Other debtors Amount due from subsidiary undertakings	1,436,006 138,896	1,436,006 42,661 35,382	2,017,527 153,584	2,017,527 37,393 5,139
	Grants Receivable	1,187,951 3,277,268	1,187,951 3,153,508	3,165,110 6,045,619	3,165,110 5,854,788
19.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	2025	2025	2024	2024
	year	Group £	Association £	Group £	Association £
	Debt (note 22) Trade creditors Other Taxes and Social Security	1,954,211 2,859,856 161,052	1,593,643 2,859,856 161,052	21,449,684 1,716,946 159,403	21,097,699 1,716,946 159,403
	Rent in Advance Accruals and Deferred Income Pensions	1,791,675 4,253,499 81,735	1,568,443 3,383,066 81,735	1,027,992 4,880,863 91,346	859,567 4,880,863 91,346
	Other Creditors Deferred capital grants (note 21)	205,481 4,372,449	186,383 3,416,614	267,967 4,104,458	126,251 3,145,473
		15,679,958	13,250,792	33,698,659	31,898,074
20.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2025 Group £	2025 Association £	2024 Group £	2024 Association £
	Debt (note 22) Deferred capital grants (note 21)	116,682,365 191,964,391 308,646,756	110,144,406 169,694,042 279,838,448	95,912,559 192,797,512 288,710,071	90,400,554 171,048,776 261,449,330
21.	Deferred capital grant	2025 Group £	2025 Association £	2024 Group £	2024 Association £
	Social Housing Grants As at 1 April 2024	196,901,970	174,194,249	194,107,520	170,707,337
	Additions Disposals	4,905,146 (1,097,827)	3,430,848 (1,097,827)	7,102,048 (203,140)	6,816,025 (183,640)
	Capital grant released in year At 31 March 2025	(4,372,449) 196,336,840	(3,416,614) 173,110,656	(4,104,458) 196,901,970	(3,145,473)
	Amounts to be released within one year Amounts to be released in more than one year	4,372,449 191,964,391	3,416,614 169,694,042	4,104,458 192,797,512	3,145,473 171,048,776
		196,336,840	173,110,656	196,901,970	174,194,249

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

22.	Debt analysis – Borrowings	2025 Group £	2025 Association £	2024 Group £	2024 Association £
	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year: Bank loans	1,954,211	1,593,643	21,449,684	21,097,699
	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year: Bank loans	116,682,365 118,636,576	110,144,406 111,738,049	95,912,559 117,362,243	90,400,554 111,498,253

### 22. Debt analysis - Borrowings (continued)

### Caledonia HA

Borrowings are denominated and repaid in pounds sterling, have contractual interest rates that are either fixed rates or variable rates linked to SONIA that are not leveraged, and do not contain conditional returns or repayment provisions other than to protect the lender against credit deterioration or changes in relevant legislation or taxation.

Borrowings mature between 26 September 2029 and 22 March 2058. Fixed rate debt of £90.6m (2024; £66.2m) bear average fixed-rate coupons of 4.33% per annum (2024; 5.23% per annum) and £21.1m (2023; £45.3m) variable rate loans bear average variable-rate coupons of 1.39% above SONIA (2024; 1.44% above SONIA). The Association makes quarterly and semi-annual interest payments on all bank borrowings.

Borrowings of £111.7M (2024: £111.5M) are secured by specific charges against the Association's housing properties.

### Cordale HA

Borrowings are denominated and repaid in pounds sterling, have contractual interest rates that are either fixed rates or variable rates linked to SONIA that are not leveraged, and do not contain conditional returns or repayment provisions other than to protect the lender against credit deterioration or changes in relevant legislation or taxation.

Bank borrowings mature between 02 November 2026 and 31 March 2041. Fixed rate loans £2.6m (2024: £2.7m) bear average fixed-rate coupons of 5.45% per annum (2023: 5.45% per annum) and £4.3m (2024: £3.2m) variable rate loans bear average variable-rate coupons of 1.80% above SONIA (2024: 1.80% above SONIA). The Association makes quarterly interest payments on all bank borrowings.

Bank borrowings of £6.9m (2024: £5.9m) are secured by specific charges against the Association's housing properties.

Based on the lender's earliest repayment date, borrowings are repayable as follows:

	2025	2025	2024	2024
	Group	Association	Group	Association
	£	£	£	£
In one year or less	1,954,211	1,593,643	21,449,684	21,097,699
Between one and two years	2,945,862	1,563,749	1,504,330	1,145,440
Between two and five years	15,700,536	12,760,936	12,091,793	10,073,357
In five years and more	98,035,967	95,819,721	82,316,436	79,181,757
	118,636,576	111,738,049	117,362,243	111,498,253

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

23.	Share capital				
	-	2025	2024	2025	2024
	Group	No	No	£	£
	Shares of £1 each fully paid				
	At 1 April 2024	219	275	219	275
	Issued in year	4	13	4	13
	Withdrawn in year	(50)	(69)	(50)	(69)
	At 31 March 2025	-173	219	173	219
		2025	2024	2025	2024
	Association	No	No.	£	£
	Shares of £1 each fully paid				
	At 1 April 2024	170	215	170	215
	Issued in year	2	7	2	7
	Cancelled in year	(39)	(52)	(39)	(52)
	At 31 March 2025	133	170	133	170

### 24. Reserves

Reserves of the Association represent the following:

Revenue Reserve

The cumulative surplus / deficit.

### 25. Commitments under operating leases - Group and Association

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2025 Land and Buildings £	2024 Land and buildings £
Amounts due:		
Within one year	78,386	78,386
Between one and five years	235,159	285,122
After five years	143,892	188,430
	457,437	551,938

During the year £78,386 (2024: £40,578) of payments made under an operating lease were recognised as an expense. The Group has two office leases, one commencing on 27 June 2023 for a period of 6 years and another commencing on 30 November 2023 for a period of 10 years.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

26.	Notes to the cash flow statement - Group	2025 £	2024 £
	Reconciliation of surplus to net cash inflow from activities		
	Surplus for the year	2,042,550	(618,246)
	Adjustments for non-cash items:		
	Business combination – excess of Fair Value over book value	<u></u>	-
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	8,566,713	8,407,905
	Amortisation of capital grant	(4,372,449)	(4,104,458)
	Grants repaid	(1,097,827)	(183,640)
	Impairment of property held for letting	267,823	1,259,374
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	249,407	221,764
	Gain on disposal of investment property	<b>-</b>	(5,497)
	Interest received	(328,254)	(320,390)
	Interest payable	5,731,233	5,864,124
	Shares issued	4	13
	Cancelled shares	(50)	(69)
	Operating cash flows before movement in working capital	11,059,150	10,520,880
	Decrease / (Increase) in stock	2,528,027	(1,655,604)
	Decrease / (Increase) in trade and other debtors	2,702,726	(3,567,959)
	Increase / (Decrease) in trade and other creditors	1,318,868	(1,629,309)
	(Decrease) / Increase in defined pension benefit liability	(145,000)	873,000
	Cash generated from operations	17,463,770	4,541,008
	Cash and cash equivalents	9,562,419	6,248,121
	Short Term Deposits	33,944	42,862
	Loan Servicing Account		-
	Cash	9,596,363	6,290,983

### Net debt reconciliation

	1 April 2024	Cashflow	Other Non-cash movements	31 March 2025
	1 (1) (1) 2021	Cushinon	mo y omenes	DI HARLON ZOZO
Cash at bank and in hand	6,290,983	3,305,380	-	9,596,363
Bank Loan	(21,449,684)	33,585,700	(14,090,227)	(1,954,211)
Debt due within 1 year	(21,449,684)	33,585,700	(14,090,227)	(1,954,211)
Bank Loan	(95,912,559)	(34,860,033)	14,090,227	(116,682,365)
Debt due after 1 year	(95,912,559)	(34,860,033)	14,090,227	(116,682,365)
Total net debt	(111,071,260)	2,031,047	<i>*</i>	(109,040,213)

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

26.	Notes to the cash flow statement (continued) – association	2025 £	2024 £
	Reconciliation of surplus to net cash inflow from activities		
	Surplus / (Deficit) for the year	1,686,620	(848,378)
	Adjustments for non-cash items:		
	Business combination – excess of fair value of assets over the fair value of		
	liabilities acquired	· <u>.</u>	-
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	7,284,017	7,111,965
	Amortisation of capital grant	(3,416,614)	(3,145,473)
	Grants repaid	(1,097,827)	(183,640)
	Impairment of property held for letting	267,823	1,259,374
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	120,411	206,877
	Interest received	(306, 265)	(288,753)
	Interest payable	5,351,943	5,468,232
	Cancelled shares	(39)	(52)
	Shares issued	2	7
	Operating cash flows before movement in working capital	9,890,071	9,580,159
	Decrease / (Increase) in stock	2,528,027	(1,655,604)
	Decrease / (Increase) in trade and other debtors	2,701,280	(3,205,095)
	Increase / (Decrease) in trade and other creditors	585,633	(1,338,507)
	(Decrease) / Increase in defined pension benefit liability	(145,000)	873,000
	Cash generated from operations	15,560,011	4,253,953
	Cash and cash equivalents	8,187,633	4,662,616
	Cash	8,187,633	4,662,616

### Net debt reconciliation

rect dest reconciliation	1 April 2024	Cashflow	Other Non- cash movements	31 March 2025
Cash at bank and in hand	4,662,616	3,525,017	-	8,187,633
Bank Loan Debt due within 1 year	(21,097,699) (21,097,699)	33,220,237 33,220,237	(13,716,181) (13,716,181)	(1,593,643) (1,593,643)
Bank Loan  Debt due after 1 year	(90,400,554) (90,400,554)	(33,460,033) (33,460,033)	13,716,181 13,716,181	(110,144,406)
Total net debt	(106,835,637)	3,285,221		(103,550,416)

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

27.	Capital commitments Group	2025 £	2024 £
	Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the Financial Statements  Capital expenditure authorised by the Board but not contracted	20,311,092 1,800,000	4,179,551 8,796,571
	Association	2025 £	2024 £
	Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the Financial Statements Capital expenditure authorised by the Board but not contracted	19,417,266 1,800,000	4,179,551 3,925,504

The above expenditure will be funded through Scottish Housing Association grant, internal resources and private finance.

### 28. Pensions

### (a) Defined Contribution

The Association operates a Defined Contribution Pension Scheme. The assets are held separately from the Association in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents the contributions payable by the Association to the fund and amounted to £592,611 (2024: £555,616). Contributions totalling £81,735 (2024: £91,346) were payable to the fund at the year end and are included in creditors.

### (b) Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme

The company participates in the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (the Scheme), a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 150 non-associated employers. The Scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

The Scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The last triennial valuation of the scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2021. This valuation revealed a deficit of £27m. A Recovery Plan was put in place to eliminate the deficit which ran to 30 September 2022.

The Scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore, the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the Scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the Scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the Scheme.

For accounting purposes, a valuation of the scheme is carried out with an effective date of 30 September each year. The liability figures from this valuation are rolled forward for accounting year-ends from the following 31 March to 28 February inclusive.

The latest accounting valuation was carried out with an effective date of 30 September 2024. The liability figures from this valuation were rolled forward for accounting year-ends from the following 31 March 2025 to 28 February 2026 inclusive.

The liabilities are compared, at the relevant accounting date, with the company's fair share of the Scheme's total assets to calculate the company's net deficit or surplus

Under the defined benefit pension accounting approach, the SHAPS net deficit as at 31 March 2025 is £1,345k (2024: £1,490k) for the Association and £1,345k (2024: £1,490k) for the Group.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

### 28. Pensions (continued)

Fair value of plan assets, present values of defined benefit obligation, and defined benefit liability

	2025 Group (£000s)	2024 Group (£000s)	2025 Association (£000s)	2024 Association (£000s)
Fair value of plan assets Present value of defined benefit obligation Deficit in plan Unrecognised surplus	9,490 (10,835) (1,345)	10,453 (11,943) (1,490)	9,490 (10,835) (1,345)	10,453 (11,943) (1,490)
Defined benefit liability	(1,345)	(1,490)	(1,345)	(1,490)
Reconciliation of the impact of the asset ceiling	2025 Group (£000s)	2024 Group (£000s)	2025 Association (£000s)	2023 Association (£000s)
Impact of asset ceiling at start of period Effect of the asset ceiling included in net	•	-	-	-
interest cost Actuarial losses (gains) on asset ceiling Impact of asset ceiling at end of period				
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation	2025 Group (£000s)	2024 Group (£000s)	2025 Association (£000s)	2024 Association (£000s)
Defined benefit obligation at start of period Expenses Interest expense	11,943 19 573	12,032 18 571	11,943 19 573	12,032 18 571
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience	283	125	283	125
Gains due to changes in demographic assumptions	-	(66)	-	(66)
Actuarial gains due to changes in financial assumptions	(1,424)	(92)	(1,424)	(92)
Benefits paid and expenses Liabilities acquired in a business	(559)	(645)	(559)	(645)
combination  Defined benefit obligation at end of period	10,835	11,943	10,835	11,943

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

### 28. Pensions (continued)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets	2025 Group (£000s)	2024 Group (£000s)	2025 Association (£000s)	2024 Association (£000s)
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	10,453	11,415	10,453	11,415
Interest Income	500	541	500	541
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts				
included in interest income) – loss	(923)	(87.6)	(923)	(876)
Contributions by the employer	19	18	19	18
Contributions by plan participants	_	<u></u>	-	_
Benefits paid and expenses	(559)	(645)	(559)	(645)
Assets acquired in a business combination	· -	<del>.</del>	-	• •
Fair value of plan of assets at end of period	9,490	10,453	9,490	10,453

The actual return on the plan assets (including any changes in share of assets) over the period ended 31 March 2025 for the Group was a loss of £423,000 (2024: loss of £335,000) and for the Association was a loss of £423,000 (2024: loss of £335,000).

Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income (SOCI)	2025 Group (£000s)	2024 Group (£000s)	2025 Association (£000s)	2024 Association (£000s)
Expenses Net interest expense Losses on business combination	19 73	18 30 <u>-</u>	19 73	18 30
Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of comprehensive income (SoCI)	92	48	92	48
Defined benefit costs recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	2025 Group (£000s)	2024 Group (£000s)	2025 Association (£000s)	2024 Association (£000s)
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) – loss Experience gains and losses arising on the plan	(923)	(876)	(923)	(876)
liabilities – (loss) gain Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the	(283)	(125)	(283)	(125)
defined benefit obligation – gain Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined	-	66		66
obligation – gain Effects of changes in the amount of surplus that is not recoverable (excluding amounts included	1,424	92	1,424	92
in net interest cost) – gain Total actuarial gains and losses (before		-		
restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) – loss	218	(843)	218	(843)
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income – loss	218	(843)	218	(843)

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

### 28. Pensions (continued)

Assets	Group		Association	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	(£000s)	(£000s)	(£000s)	(£000s)
Global Equity	1,099	1,202	1,099	1,202
Absolute Return	· -	470	-	470
Distressed Opportunities	-	<i>385</i>	-	<i>385</i>
Credit Relative Value	-	<i>368</i>	-	368
Alternative Risk Premia	÷	376	-	376
Liquid Alternatives	1,747	-	1,747	-
Emerging Markets Debt	-	183	-	183
Risk Sharing	-	627	-	627
Insurance-Linked Securities	36	65	36	65
Property	470	442	470	442
Infrastructure	2	1,001	2	1,001
Private Equity	8	.8	8	8
Real Assets	1,133	<b>4</b>	1,133	-
Private Debt	-	421	-	421
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	-	416	-	416
Private Credit	1,183	<del>-</del> .	1,183	-
Credit	404	÷	404	-
Investment Grade Credit	434	-	434	-
High Yield	-	2	-	2
Opportunistic Credit	<b>.</b>	-	-	· <b>·</b>
Cash	51	271	51	271
Corporate Bond Fund	-		-	. See
Liquid Credit	in a		-	**
Long Lease Property	3	<i>78</i>	3	78
Secured Income	219	349	219	349
Over 15 Year Gilts		-	-	-
Liability Driven Investment	2,672	3,781	2,672	<i>3,781</i>
Currency Hedging	16	(5)	16	(5)
Net Current Assets	13	13	13	13
Total assets	9,490	10,543	9,490	10,543

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investments in the employer's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the employer.

### Key assumptions - Association

	31 March 2025 % per annum	31 March 2024 % per annum
Discount Rate	5.85%	4.91%
Inflation (RPI)	3.09%	3.14%
Inflation (CPI)	2.79%	2.78%
Salary Growth	3.79%	3.78%
•	75% of maximum	75% of maximum
Allowance for commutation of pension cash at retirement	allowance	allowance
The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2025 imply the foll	owing life expectancies:	
	•	Life expectancy at
		age 65 (Years)
Male retiring in 2025	20.2	20.2
Female retiring in 2025	22.7	22.7
Male retiring in 2045	21.5	21.4
Female retiring in 2045	24.2	24.1

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

### 29. Contingent liabilities

The Association has been notified by the Pensions Trust of the employer debt on withdrawal from the scheme with the latest data provided to 30 September 2024. At this date the debt on withdrawal, calculated on the solvency – or 'buyout' – basis was £3,467,255 (30 September 2023 - £3,895,316).

The Association has been notified by the Trustee of the Scheme that it has performed a review comparing the benefits provided to scheme members over recent years with the requirements of the Scheme documentation. Due to uncertainty as to the effect of some benefit changes, the Trustee has been advised by lawyers to seek clarification from the Court on potential changes to the pension liability. It is recognised that this could potentially impact the value of Scheme liabilities, but until the outcome of the ongoing Court process is known (which is expected to be February 2025), it is not possible to calculate the impact on the liabilities of this issue with any accuracy, particularly on an individual employer basis, for the purposes of the 31 March 2025 financial statements. Accordingly, no adjustment has been made in these financial statements in respect of this potential issue.

The Board are aware that the Court of Appeal has upheld the decision in the Virgin Media vs NTL Pension Trustees II Limited case. The decision puts into question the validity of any amendments made in respect of the rules of a contracted-out pension scheme between 6 April 1997 and 5 April 2016. The judgment means that some historic amendments affecting s.9(2B) rights could be void if the necessary actuarial confirmation under s.37 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993 was not obtained.

On the 5 June 2025, the Government announced its intention to introduce legislation to give affected pension schemes the ability to retrospectively obtain written confirmation that historical benefit changes met the necessary standards. However, details of the legislation have not been announced. Subject to the entity being able to comply with the legislation and the pension scheme obtaining the required written actuarial confirmation, the Board do not expect the valuation of the scheme liabilities to change.

### 30. Auditors remuneration

Fees payable to RSM UK Audit LLP and its associates in respect of both audit and non-audit services are as follows:

	2025 £	2024 £
Audit services – statutory audit – Group Other services – Group	52,129 3,330	57,138 6,360
	55,459	63,498

### 31. Related party disclosures

### Group

During the year, three Management Committee members were also tenants of Cordale Housing Association Limited. Their tenancies are on normal commercial terms. The amount of rent receivable from tenant members for the year ended 31 March 2025 was £22,954 (2024: £12,280). At the year-end there were £327 (2024: £619) of rent arrears due from these tenant members and £nil (2023: £nil) of rent in advance due.

Any transaction between the Association and any entity with which a Management Committee member has a connection is made at arm's length and is under normal commercial terms.

### Association

The Association provides management services to Cordale Housing Association. Management Charges and recharged salary costs of £580,377 (2024: £585,473) were charged in the year. At the year-end Cordale Housing Association owed

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 March 2025

### 31. Related party disclosures - continued

the Association a net amount of £35,382 (2024: £5,139) in respect of management services provided and expenditure incurred on behalf of Cordale Housing Association by the Association.

The Association is also a member of Upper Dens Landscaping Limited, which is a company limited by guarantee. There are four Directors appointed two of which are employees of the Association. During the year, £9,388 (2024: £4,919) was paid to Upper Dens Landscaping Limited.

One Management Board member is also a tenant of the Association. Their tenancy is on normal commercial terms. During the year £5,553 (2024: £5,357) of rent was receivable from this tenant member. At the year-end there were £nil (2024: £nil) of rent arrears due from this tenant member.

In line with the Association's Rules and polices, during the year remuneration of £14,542 (2024: £3,598) and £2,338 (2024: £2,830) was paid to the Chair of the Management Board and the Chair of the Audit and Risk Management Committee respectively.

Some board members are employees of related local authorities and other related public or commercial entities. Any transactions with these related parties are made at arm's length, on normal commercial terms and board members cannot use their position to their advantage.